

## Radial Distribution Functions and the Equation of State of a Fluid Composed of Rigid Spherical Molecules

John G. Kirkwood, Eugene K. Maun, and Berni J. Alder

Citation: *J. Chem. Phys.* **18**, 1040 (1950); doi: 10.1063/1.1747854

View online: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.1747854>

View Table of Contents: <http://jcp.aip.org/resource/1/JCPA6/v18/i8>

Published by the AIP Publishing LLC.

---

### Additional information on J. Chem. Phys.

Journal Homepage: <http://jcp.aip.org/>

Journal Information: [http://jcp.aip.org/about/about\\_the\\_journal](http://jcp.aip.org/about/about_the_journal)

Top downloads: [http://jcp.aip.org/features/most\\_downloaded](http://jcp.aip.org/features/most_downloaded)

Information for Authors: <http://jcp.aip.org/authors>

## ADVERTISEMENT

The advertisement features the "physics today" logo at the top left. Below it, a large blue banner with white text reads: "Comment on any *Physics Today* article." To the right, a screenshot of a Physics Today article page is shown. The article title is "Measured energy in Japan quake". It includes author information (David von Seggern), a digital object identifier (DOI), and a link to the full text. A red arrow points from the main text area to a comment box. The comment discusses the energy released during an earthquake and compares it to a nuclear explosion. It notes that while a 100-megaton explosion releases approximately five times as much energy as the 1964 Chilean earthquake, the seismic energy release is much larger due to friction on the fault plane. The comment also suggests that while nuclear bombs are under our control, natural events like earthquakes and volcanic eruptions cannot be controlled.